20145. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 454 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34438. Sample No. 57366-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about December 16, 1952, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about December 8, 1952, by Rockingham Poultry Marketers Coop., Inc., from Alma, Va.

PRODUCT: 454 pounds of dressed poultry at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Choice N. Y. D. Fowl" or "Genuine Rockingham Poultry."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds which were contaminated with fecal matter.

DISPOSITION: January 12, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that samples of the poultry be delivered to the Food and Drug Administration and that the remainder be destroyed.

SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS

20146. Adulteration of imitation black pepper. U. S. v. 1 Drum * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34503. Sample No. 47231-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 18, 1952, Eastern District of Louisiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 29, 1952, by the Knickerbocker Mills Co., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 1 300-pound drum of imitation black pepper at New Orleans, La.

LABEL, IN PART: "Knickerbocker Imitation Ground Black Pepper."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of live insects.

DISPOSITION: January 15, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

20147. Misbranding of imitation black pepper. U. S. v. 1 Drum * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34246. Sample No. 14903-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about December 4, 1952, Western District of Missouri.

Alleged Shipment: On or about September 15, 1952, by the Arrow Spice & Food Co., from Dallas, Tex.

PRODUCT: 1 drum containing 140 pounds of imitation black pepper. Examination showed that the article was a finely ground brownish black powder consisting essentially of cottonseed hulls and wheat fragments and having a weak odor and flavor of black pepper.

LABEL, IN PART: "Imitation Pepper Black."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (i) (2), the article was fabricated from two or more ingredients, and its label failed to bear the common or usual name of each such ingredient.

Disposition: January 23, 1953. Default decree of destruction.

20148. Adulteration of chili peppers. U. S. v. 78 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33527. Sample No. 36874-L.)

LIBEL FILED: August 26, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

Alleged Shipment: On or about February 14, 1951, from Japan.

PRODUCT: 78 100-pound bags of chili peppers at Brooklyn, N. Y., in the possession of Bowne-Morton Stores, Inc.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, rodents, rodent excreta, and dirt; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: May 20, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

VITAMIN, MINERAL, AND OTHER PRODUCTS OF SPECIAL DIETARY SIGNIFICANCE*

20149. Adulteration and misbranding of vitamin capsules. U. S. v. 11 Drums * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34394. Sample Nos. 41713-L, 41714-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 9, 1952, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 16 and 22, 1952, by the Jamieson Pharmacal Co., from Detroit, Mich.

PRODUCT: 11 drums of vitamin capsules at Philadelphia, Pa. Each drum contained 15,000 capsules

Analysis showed that the product contained 54 percent of the declared amount of vitamin B₁ and 6 percent of the declared amount of vitamin C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Drum) "High Potency Clini-B With Vitamin C Capsules * * * Each Capsule Contains: Vitamin B₁ * * * 6 Mg. * * * Vitamin C * * * 75 Mg. * * * 1 Capsule supplies 6 times the minimum daily requirement for Vitamin B₁ * * * 3 times the minimum daily requirement for vitamin C."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamins B₁ and C, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Each Capsule Contains: Vitamin B₁ * * * 6 Mg. * * * Vitamin C * * * 75 Mg." was false and misleading since the article contained less than the stated amounts of vitamins

DISPOSITION: January 13, 1953. Benjamin Drob, Philadelphia, Pa., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be relabeled under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

20150. Adulteration and misbranding of vitamin capsules. U. S. v. 5 Drums * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34140. Sample No. 66642-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 19, 1952, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 16 and 22, 1952, by the Jamieson Pharmacal Co., from Detroit, Mich.

PRODUCT: 5 drums of vitamin capsules at Philadelphia, Pa. Analysis showed that the product contained 22 percent of the declared amount of vitamin C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Drum) "High Potency Clini-B With Vitamin C Capsules * * * Each Capsule Contains * * * Vitamin C * * * 75 Mg. * * * 1 Capsule Supplies * * * 3 times the minimum daily requirement for Vitamin C * * * 15,000 Caps."

AND SOLD BURNESS OF STREET

B₁ and C.

^{*}See also No. 20121.